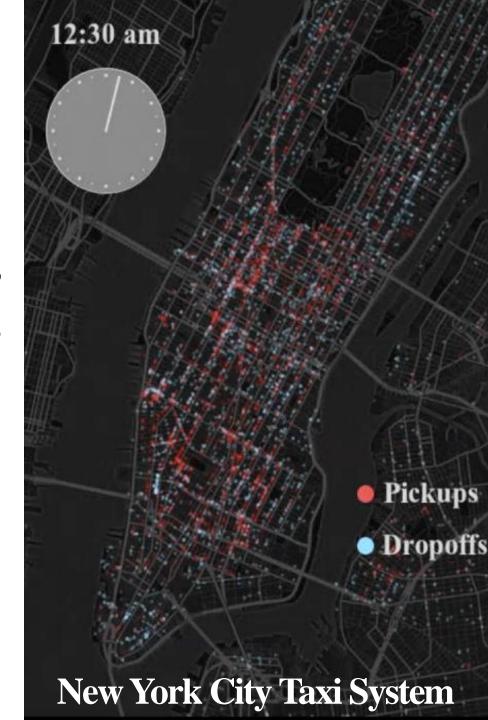
# RUTGERS

CS 671:
Data-Driven
Cyber-Physical Systems
for Smart Cities

### **Desheng Zhang**

Computer Science Rutgers University

Spring 2018



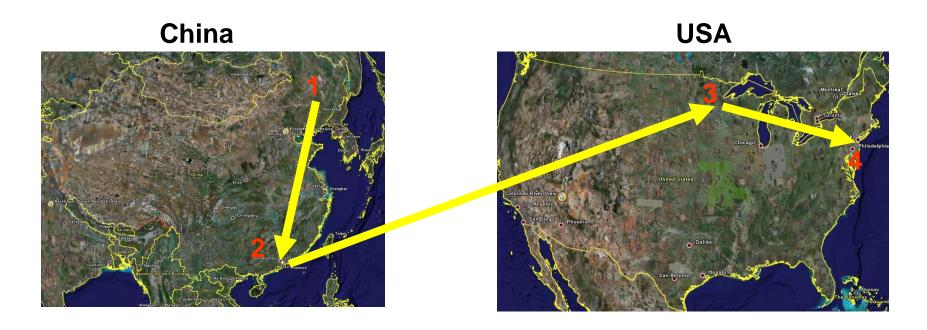
### Who Am I



张德升

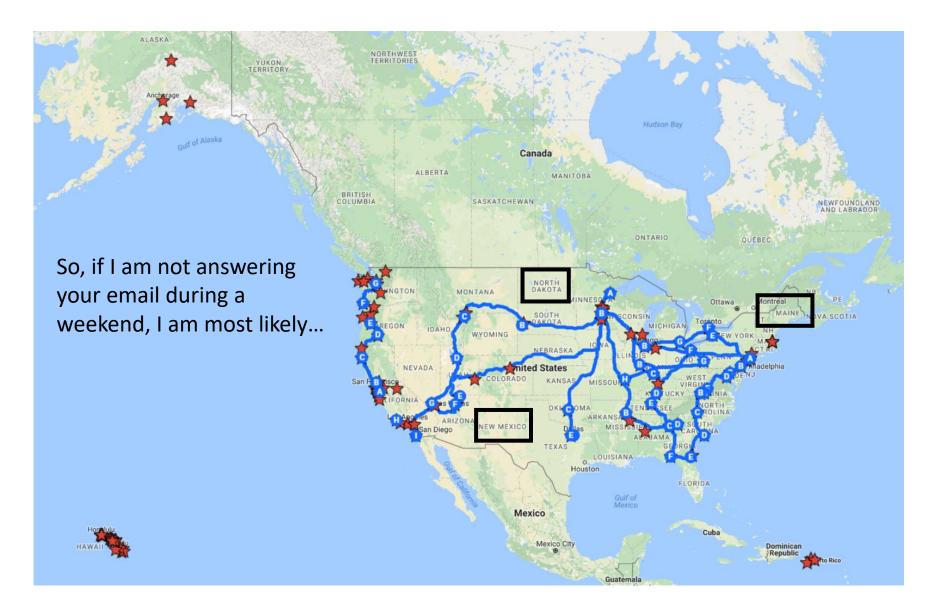
- Desheng Zhang
  - Assistant Professor
  - Department of Computer Science
  - Rutgers University
  - https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~dz220/
  - Office: CoRE 307
  - Phone: 848-445-8307
  - Email: d.z@rutgers.edu (including CS671 in your subject!)

## My background



- 1. Bachelor & Master in CS at Heilongjiang University
- 2. Visiting Student at Shenzhen Institute of Advance Technology
- Ph.D in Computer Science, University of Minnesota
- 4. Assistant Professor, Rutgers University

### More about me



## About you

- Talk to you neighbors
  - Introduce yourself to him/her for two minutes
  - (maybe you could find your project partner)

- Introduce yourself to the class for 30 seconds
  - Undergrad Major
  - Degree Seeking
  - Research interests

### Outline

Logistics

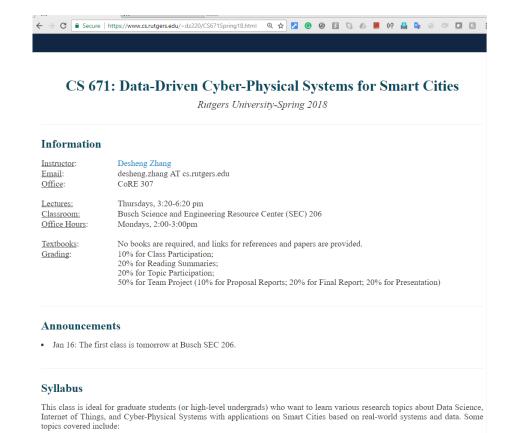
Course Structure

Overview of Smart Cities Research

• Class Schedule

### Class Website





On Sakai

Postdoctoral Fellowship from MIT, and York in NYC.

University. Previously, Desheng was 12.14.15: Desheng presented his work for

offered the Senseable City Consortium Smart Cities at City University of New

awarded his Ph.D in Computer Science 11.16.15: Desheng presented his work for

• https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~dz220/CS671Spring18.html

Desheng Zhang, F. Zhang, M.Lu, Y.Liu,

and T. He. Carpool Service for Large-

Scale Taxicab Networks. In ACM TOSN,

- Lectures:
  - Thursdays: 3:20-6:20 pm
- Location:
  - Science and Engineering Resource Center (SEC) 206
- Office Hours
  - Mon 2:00-3:00pm by appointments at CoRE 307

- Advanced Course on Smart Cities:
  - Reading
  - Presentations
  - Team Project
- Prerequisites:
  - Preliminary math knowledge
    - Calculus, Linear Algebra, & Probability
  - Skills for high-level programing languages are required.
    - C++, Java, R, Python or SAS
- No Textbooks are required:
  - links are provided

- Good for students who want to
  - Do Data-Driven Research on Data Science, Smart Cities, IoT
  - Have hands-on experiences about real data-driven projects
  - Improve their writing/presentation skills

- Not so good for students who want to
  - Practice Coding Skills
  - Do Hardware-related Projects

#### Master Students:

- This class CAN be used to satisfy B requirements
- But each MSCS student should stop by the MSCS office (Hill 355) to make sure that his/her study plan is approved as per the graduation requirements.

#### PhD Students:

- This 67x class CANNOT be used to satisfy B requirements
- Only Core Class CS 5xx can be used
- Details on the CS website.

### Outline

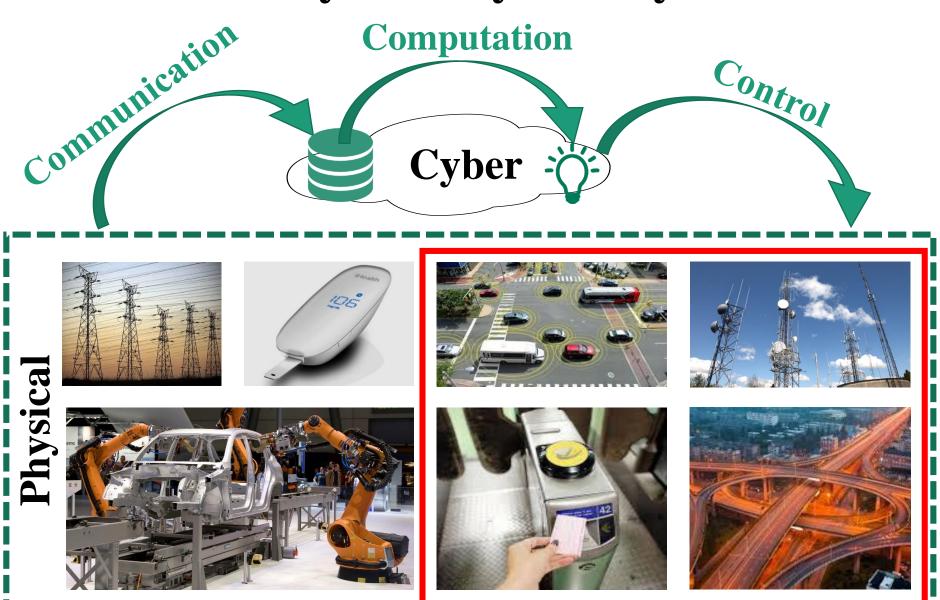
Logistics

Course Structure

Overview of Smart Cities Research

• Class Schedule

### **Data-Driven Cyber-Physical Systems**



**Urban CPS** 

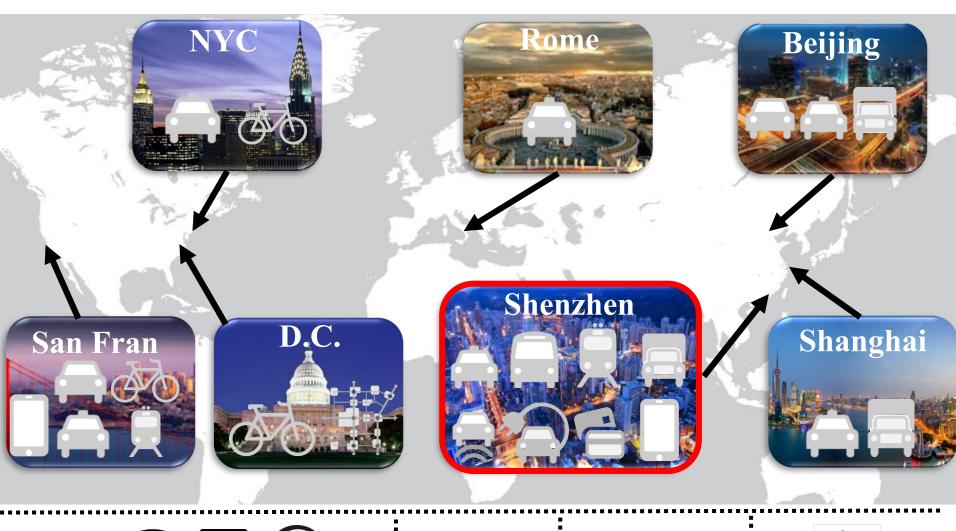
## Urban Sustainability

### The White House unveils new US\$160 million Smart Cities Initiative

17th September 2015 Tom Teodorczuk



### **Urban Systems**



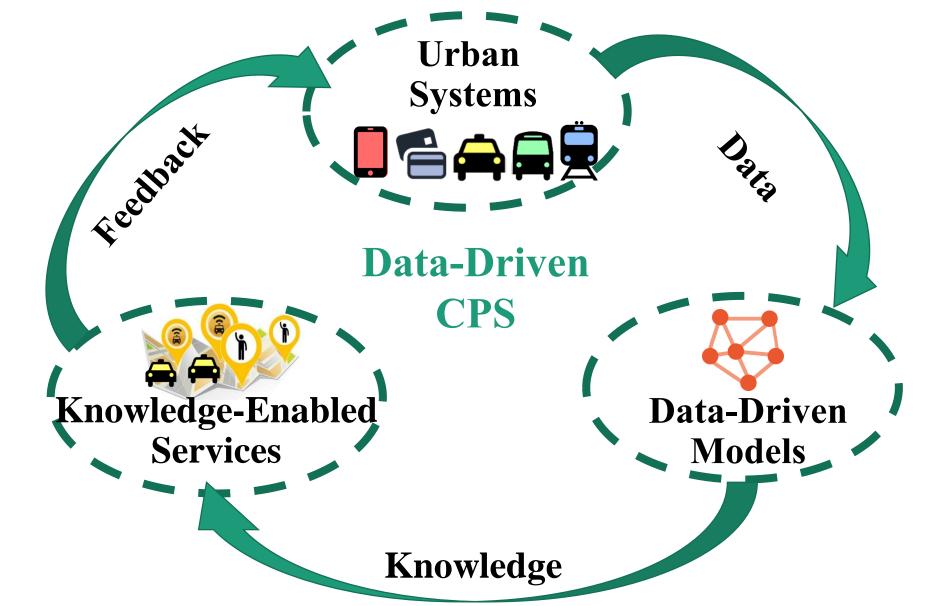








### **Smart Cities Vision**



## Topics for 14 wks

- Introduction (1 wk)
- Basic Topics (7 wks)
  - Urban Sensing (1 wk)
  - Data Manage.&Processing (1 wk)
  - Data-Drive Modeling (3 wk)
  - Data Visualization (1 wk)
  - Data Predictive Control (1 wk)

- Project Midterm Presentation
  - 9th wk

- Special Topics (4 wks)
  - Novel Services (1 wk)
  - Dependency Analyses (1 wk)
  - Human-in-the-loop (1 wk)
  - Privacy and Security (1 wk)

- Project Final Presentation
  - 14th wk

#### **Tentative Schedule**

	General Class Introduction
1 Jan 19	Reading:  Urban Computing: Concepts, Methodologies, and Applications  Cyber-Physical Systems: Executive Summary
2 Jan 26	
3 Feb 2	
4 Feb 9	D • T • / D   1
5 Feb 16	Basic Topics (7 wks)
6 Feb 23	Basic Topics (7 Wits)
7 Mar 2	
8 Mar 9	
	Spring Break
ject	Project Proposal Presentation Proposal Presentation Project Proposal Presentation Project Proposal Presentation Project Proposal Presentation  1
	No Reading Assignment

		No Reading Assignment
10		Coocial Tapies (A wks)
12		Special Topics (4 wks)
13	Apr 20	
		Final Project Presentation
14	Pro	ject Final Presentation (1 wk)
	May 4	Final project papers are due on May 4th 11:59PM EST.

### Grades

No Exams

- 1. 10% for Class Participation
- 2. 20% for Reading Summaries
- 3. 20% for Topic Presentation
- 1. 10% for Project Proposal Report
- 2. 20% for Project Final Report
- 3. 20% for Proposal or Final Presentation





## Individual 1: Class Participation (10%)

Coming to all the lectures

Actively asking questions

Participating discussions

### Individual 2: Reading Summary (20%)

Submitting 10 Reading Summaries

- Choosing 10 papers from assigned papers
  - Covering 10 out of 11 topics
  - 1 paper per topic
  - i.e., skipping one week

A suggested format for summaries

## Individual 2: Reading Summary: (20%)

- What is the key scientific question?
  - Why it is hard or important to solve this question?
- What are existing approaches?
  - Why they are not sufficient?
- What the authors' idea?
  - Why this is new?
  - Better than existing ones?
  - How they evaluate it?
- What are the strengths of this paper?
- What are the weaknesses of this paper?
- How you can address these flaws?

## Individual 3: Topic Presentation (20%)

- Every student will be assigned with a topic
  - A paper (a set of papers) from Assigned Reading List
  - Your own project is related to this topic
- Time 40 mins: 35 mins Talk & 5 mins Q&A
- Max 3 Presentations for Every Basic and Advanced Lecture
- Will send a poll to get five preferences of all students
- Coming to office hours before topic presentations

## Team-based Project (50%)

- 10 Teams
  - 2-3 students per team
  - Assign based on topic interests (poll)
  - Form your own group if you really prefer

- A new team project related to smart cities
  - Common interests for all team members
  - Suitable scope for one semester
  - Be able to find data about it
  - Be able to evaluate it

## Team-based Project (50%)

- Proposal Presentation (9<sup>th</sup> wk)
  - 18 mins per team
  - Presented by first 1or 2 team members
- Proposal Report (9<sup>th</sup> wk)
   4 page-long double-column by ALL members
  - Final Presentation (14th wk)
    - 18 mins per team
    - Presented by the rest of team members
  - Final Report (15<sup>th</sup> wk)
    - 8 page-long double-column by ALL teams

## Before Any Presentation

- Any Presentation
  - Topic, Proposal, or Final
- Go to office hours:
  - Mon: 2-3pm: Desheng: CoRE 307
- Discussions
  - Background
  - Scopes
  - Technical contents

### Bonus!

- Data-Driven Visualization
- Data-Driven Evaluation
- Demo: Animation or Video
- Present a set of Papers in Topic Presentation
- Present Your Own Work in Topic Presentation

## Project Contest

- Vote by all students based on
  - Proposal Presentation
  - Final Presentation

Three Teams will win prizes

Announce after the final presentation

## Suggestions about the class

Suggestions are welcome

Reading List

Topics Interested

Team Formation

### Summary

- Come to all topic presentations (10%)
- Submit 20 summaries (20%)
- A Topic Presentation (20%)
- A team-based project proposal report (10%)
- A team-based project final report (20%)
- A team-based project presentation (20%)

Individual Based 50 %

> Team Based 50%

### Useful References

- My website
- https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~dz220/
- Mining of Massive Datasets Stanford InfoLab
- http://infolab.stanford.edu/~ullman/mmds/book.pdf
- Urban Computing at Microsoft Research
- https://www.microsoft.com/enus/research/project/urban-computing/

## Questions?

### Outline

Logistics

Course Structure

Overview of Smart Cities Research

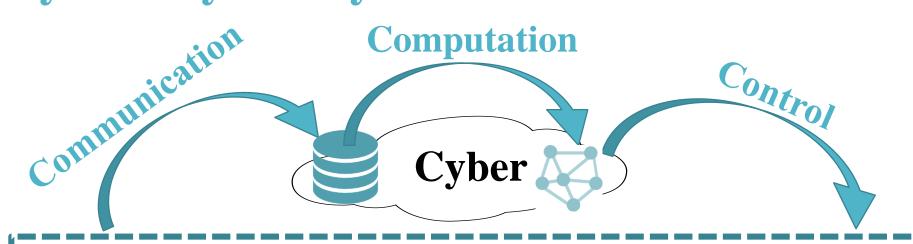
• Class Schedule

Cross-Domain
Cyber-Physical Systems
for Smart Cities

**Desheng Zhang** 



### **Cyber-Physical Systems**













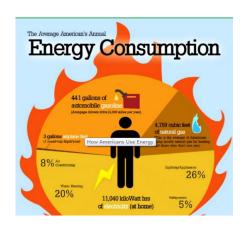




## Why Urban?







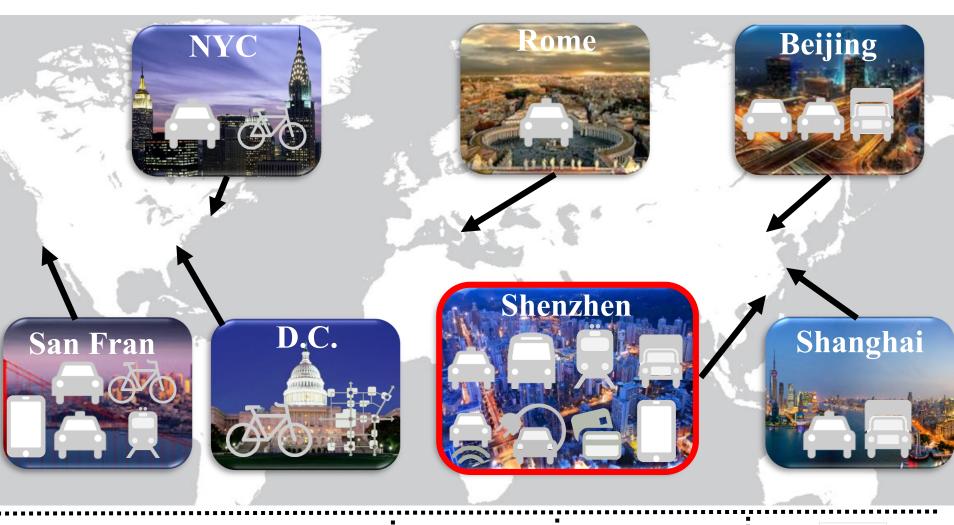
### The White House unveils new US\$160 million Smart Cities Initiative

17th September 2015 Tom Teodorczuk

- \$35M for Smart Cities Grants by NSF
  - **\$10M** for **CPS** in 2016
- **\$70M** for Transportation and Energy, by
  - DoT, DoE, NIST...



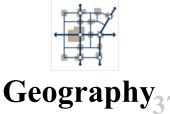
# **Urban Systems**











### **Smart Cities Vision**



### **Research Goals:**

- (1) **Understand** urban physical phenomena by *data-driven models* 
  - (2) **Manage** urban physical systems by *knowledge-enabled services*

Cross-Domain Knowledge

# Cross-Domain Feedback

### **An Overview**

Knowledge-Enabled Services Ridesharing

SenSys13/IPSN'15

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Improving Urban Phenomena

Cross-Domain Knowledge

Human Mobility MobiCom'14/SigSpatial'16

Data-Driven Models



Understanding
Urban Phenomena

Cross-Domain Data

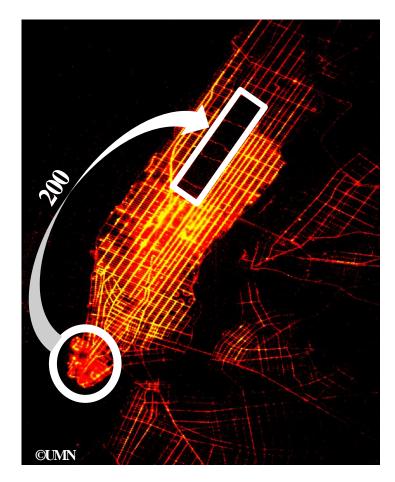
**Urban Systems** 

**Intellectual Core:** 

Cross-Domain Philosophy

### Goal

### Modeling Human Mobility



Urban Scale & Real Time

### Various Applications









### State of the Art

MobiCom'07 Zhang et al.



UbiComp'11 Lathia et al.



KDD'11 Cho et al.



UbiComp'13 Ganti et al.



Small Data Driven



**Small Sample** 



**Offline** 









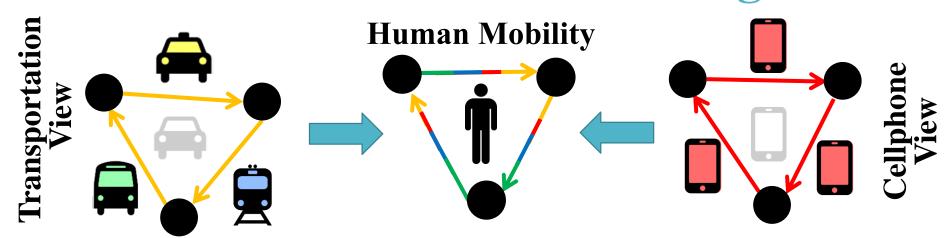
**Single Domain Driven** 

Biased Sampling & Overfitting

# **Opportunity: Cross-Domain Urban System Data**

Modeling Human Mobility **Cross-Domain Perspective** 

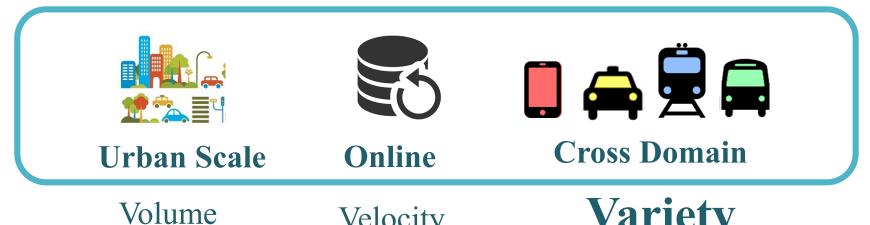
# **Contribution: Multi-view Bounding**



Data-Driven Model-Integration Technique

[MobiCom'14]

- Considering **Domains** as Views
- Quantifying Biases of Individual Views
- Bounding Range of Unknown Phenomena by Interdependent Views

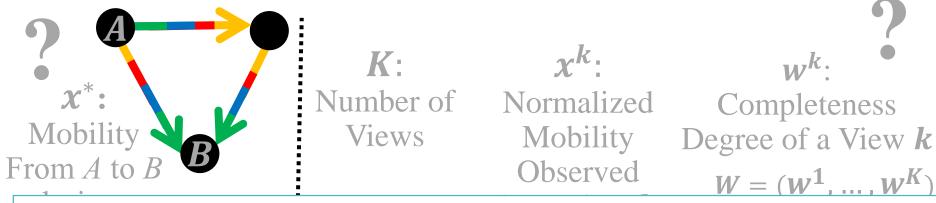


Velocity

Variety

### Technique: Context-Aware Multi-View Bounding

Spatiotemporal Context:  $A \rightarrow B$  during t



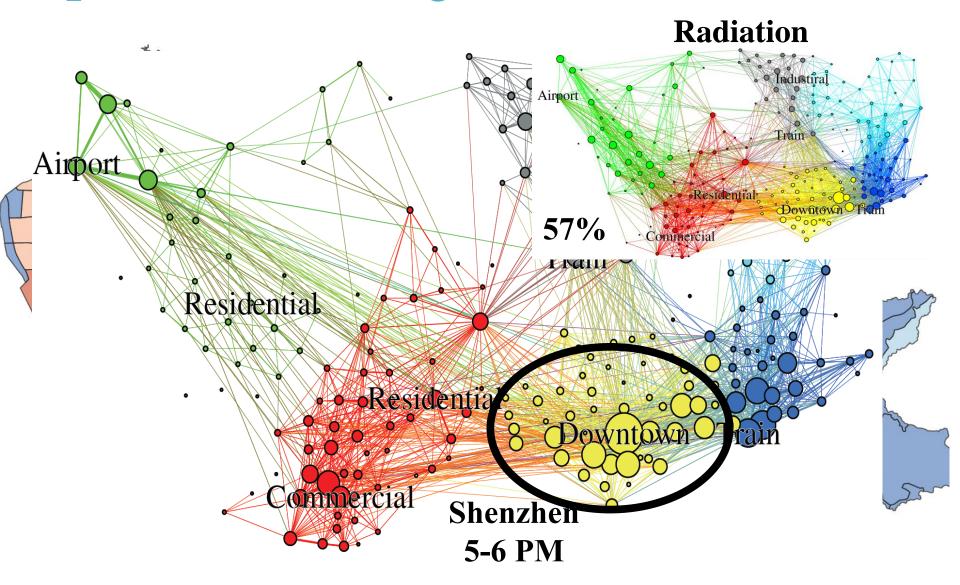
# Bounding **Range** of Unknown Phenomena by Multi-Views with Quantified Biases

$$\min_{x^*, W} \mathbf{F}(x^*, W) = \sum_{k=1}^{K} [w^k \cdot \mathbf{D}(x^*, x^k)], \text{ s.t. } \delta(W) = 1$$

Overall Weighted Deviation

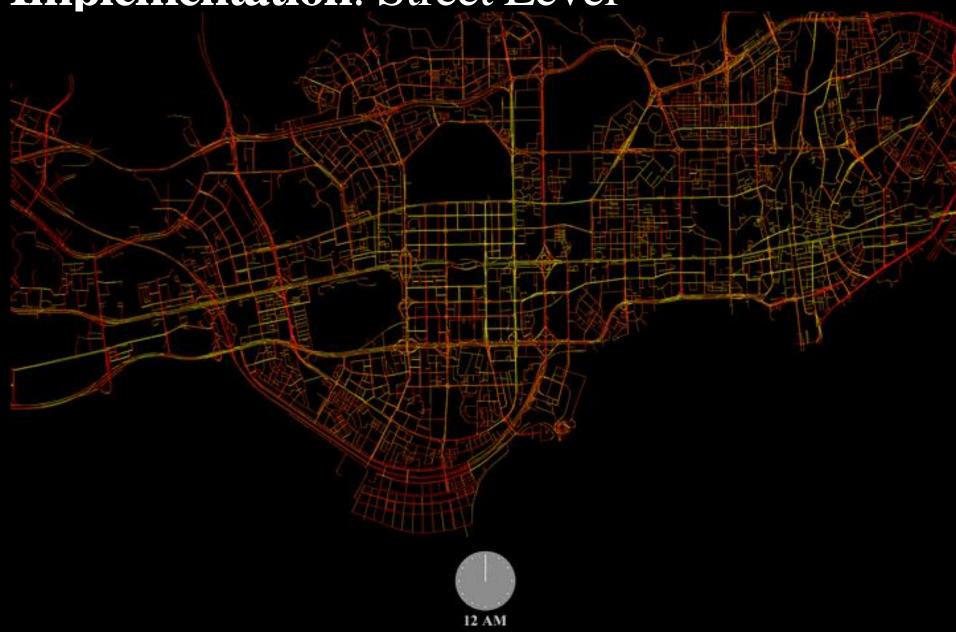
**High Penalty** if a **more-complete** view deviates from the truth; **Low Penalty** if a **less-complete** view deviates from the truth;

# Implementation: Region Level



Vertex: Urban Region; Edge: Mobility Volume; Color: Urban Districts

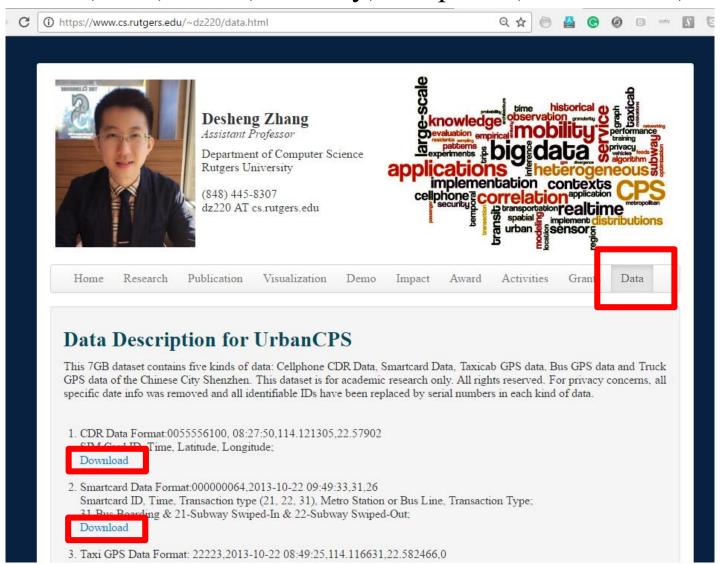
Implementation: Street Level



# Broader Impact: Open Data

### 20 GB Cross-Domain Data

Taxi; Bus; Truck; Subway; Cellphone; Smartcards;



### Big Picture: Understanding Real-time Urban Phenomena

Services

Ride-	Last-Mile
sharing	Transit
SenSys'14]	[IPSN'15]

Centralized	
Dispatching	
[ICCPS'15]	

Distributed
Navigation
[RTSS'12]

Parking
Suggestion
[Ubicomp'17]

Nonlinear Optimization with Cross-Domain Knowledge

Human
Mobility
[Mobicom'14]

Traffic
Speed
[ICCPS'15]

Travel Pattern

[SIGSPATIAL'15]

Passenger
Demand
[IPSN'15]

Supply
[BigData'13]

**Transit** 

Multi-View Bounding with Cross-Domain Data

















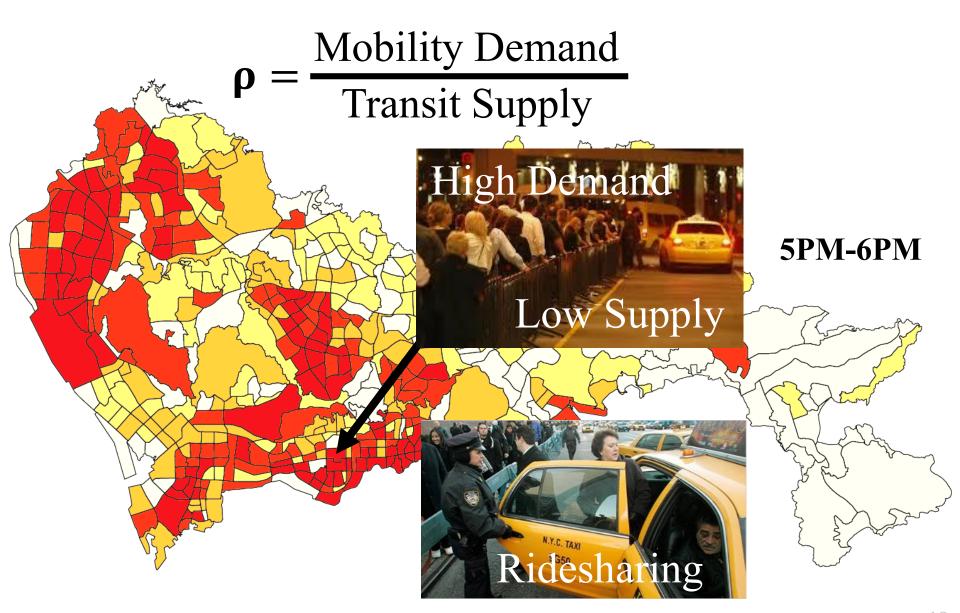




Feedback

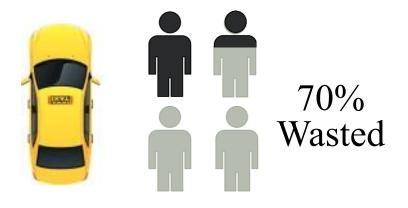
Domain

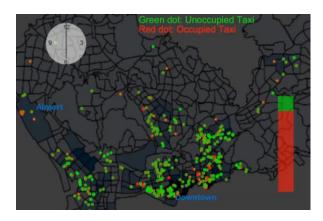
# Interdependent Urban Phenomena



### State of the Art & Limitations

### 1.3 Passenger Per Trip in NYC





Similar Patterns

Sharing Capacity

### T-Share (TKDE'14)



**UberPool** (2014.12)



- Single-Domain Knowledge
- No Overall Urban Mobility Info

50

# **Opportunity: Cross-Domain Knowledge**

### Traffic Speed

Transportation & Geography Finance & Telecom

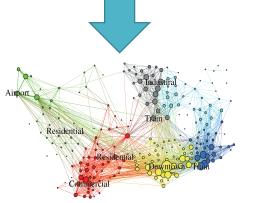


### **Fare Model**

Transportation & Finance







**Mobility Demand** 

Telecom & Finance & Transportation

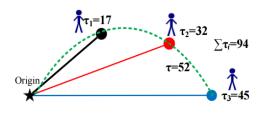


**Environment: Energy** 

Finance: Fare



coRide







**Transit Supply** 

Transportation & Geography

### **Contribution:** coRide

- Cross-Domain Knowledge-Enabled Resource sharing Framework
  - Bounded Online Approximation
  - Real-world Implementation
  - Multi-Scale Multi-Site Evaluation
  - Potential Commercialization

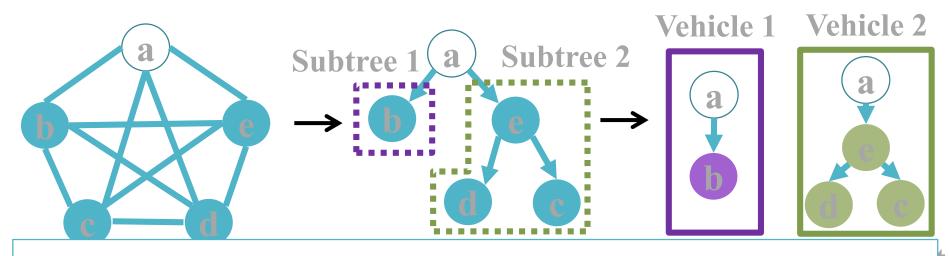




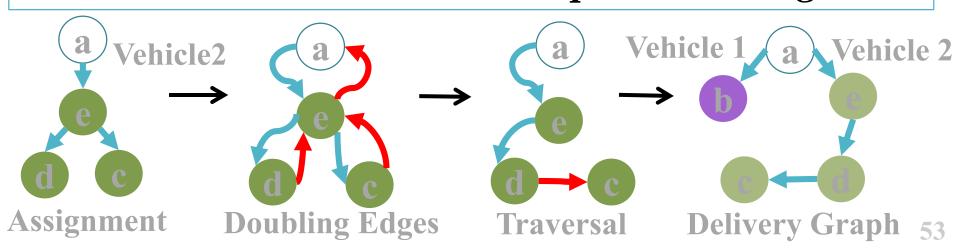


# Technique: 2 Approximation Algorithm

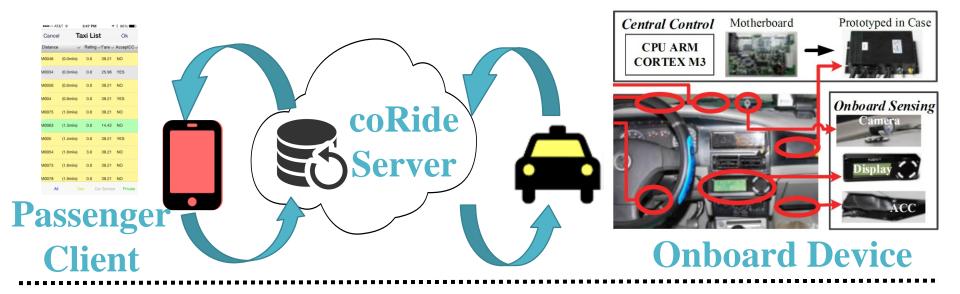
(1) Passenger Assignment with Minimum Spanning Tree (MST)



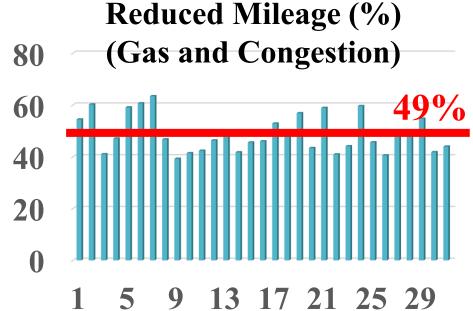
Mileage obtained by our *Online Approximation* is at most two times of *the Optimal Mileage* 

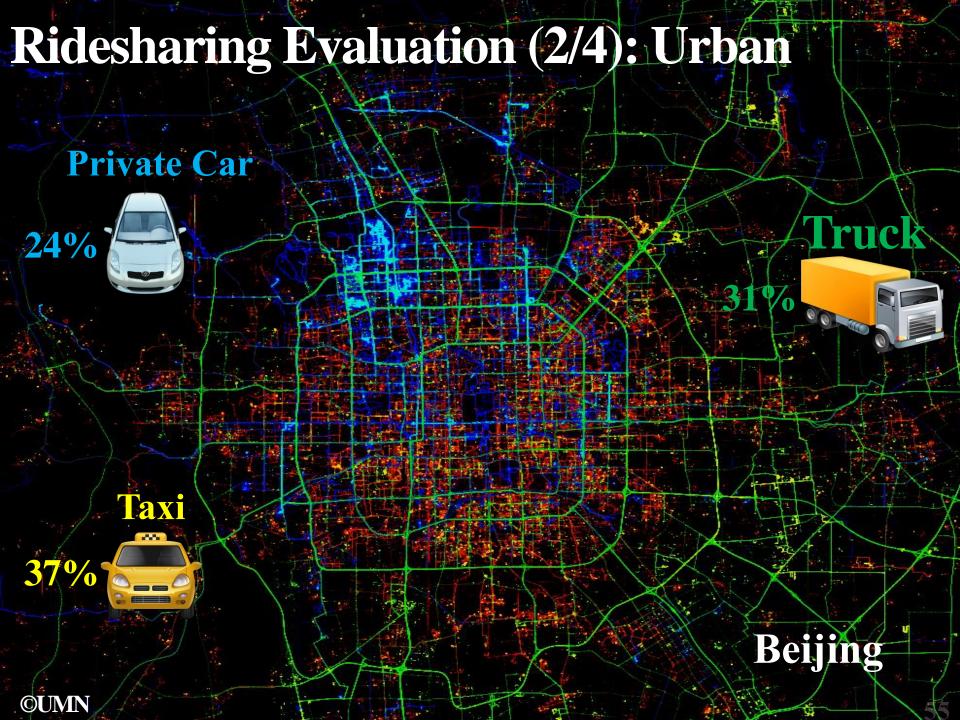


# Ridesharing Evaluation (1/4): Region

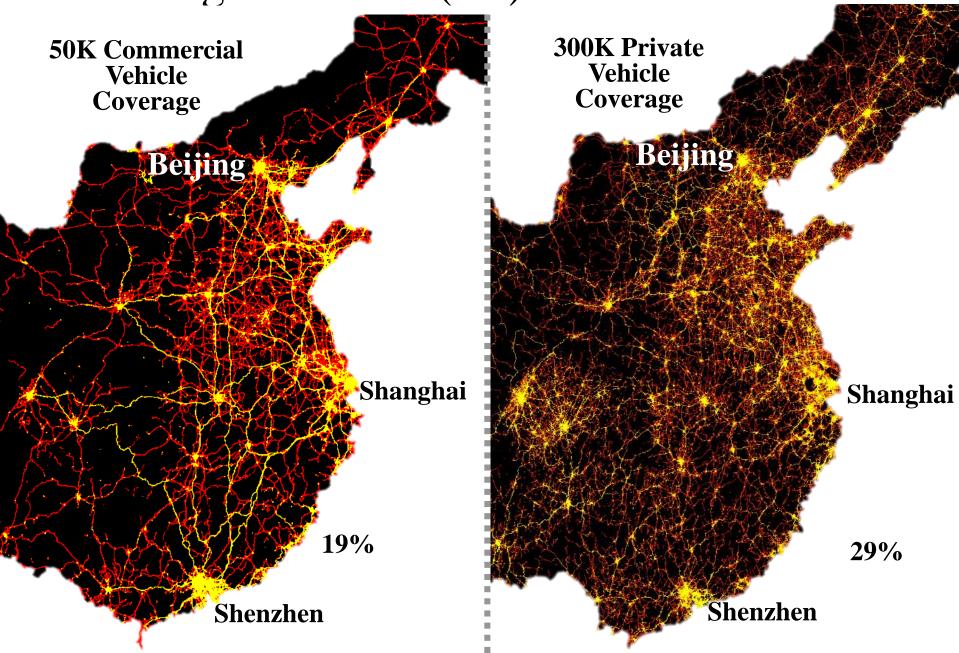


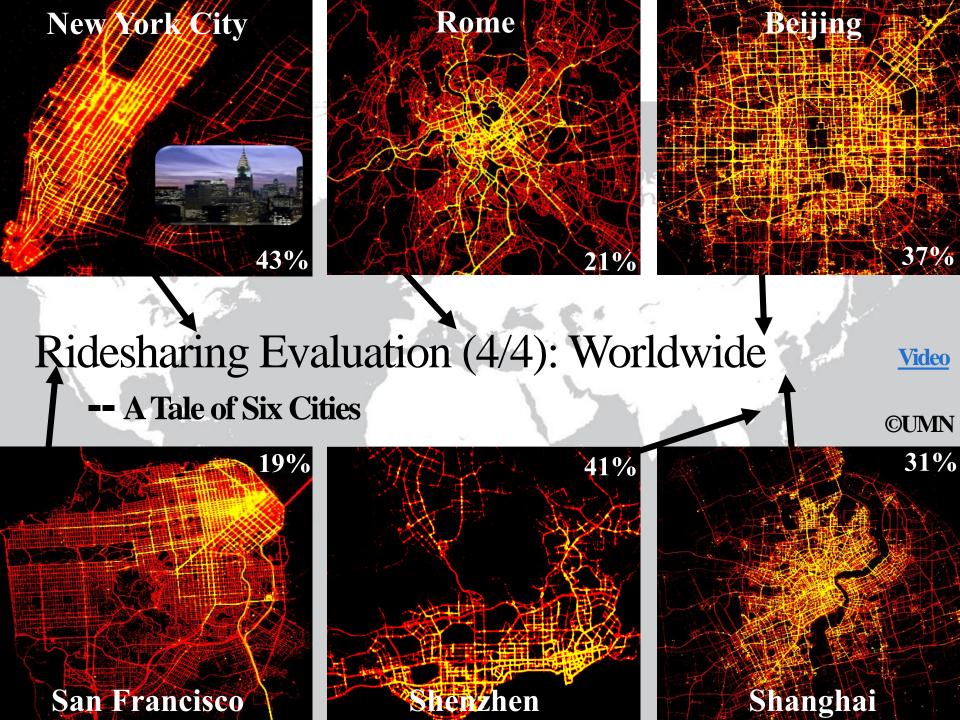


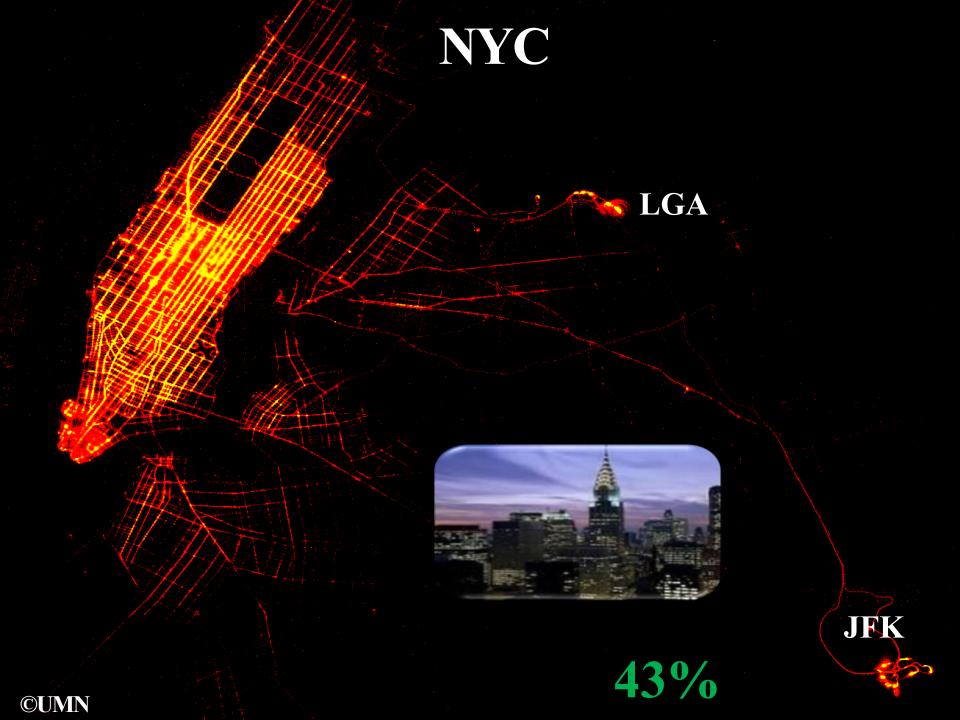


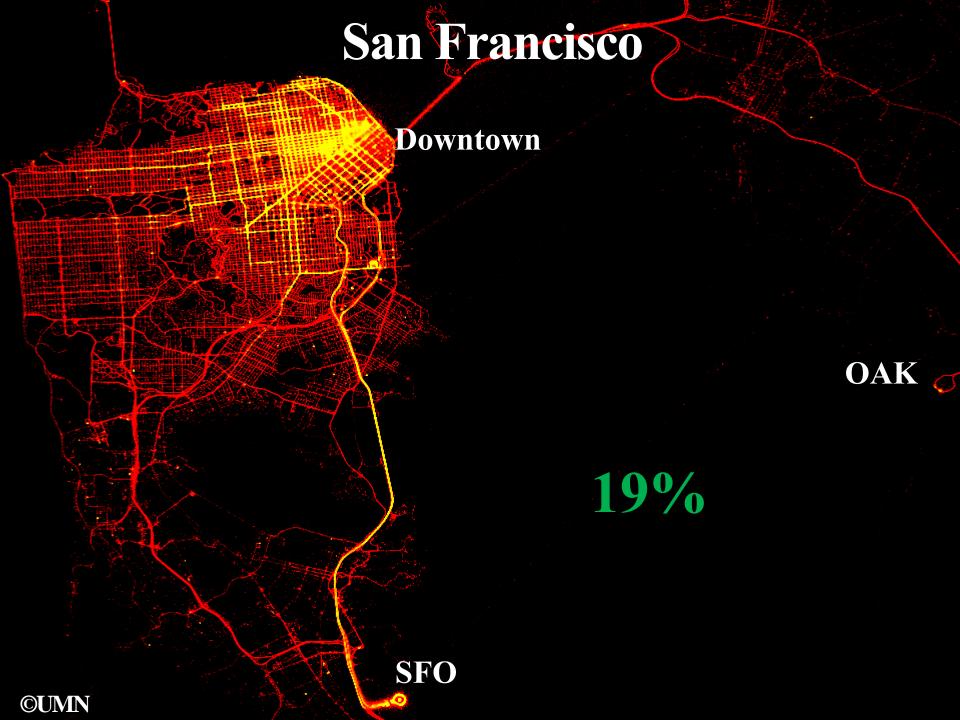


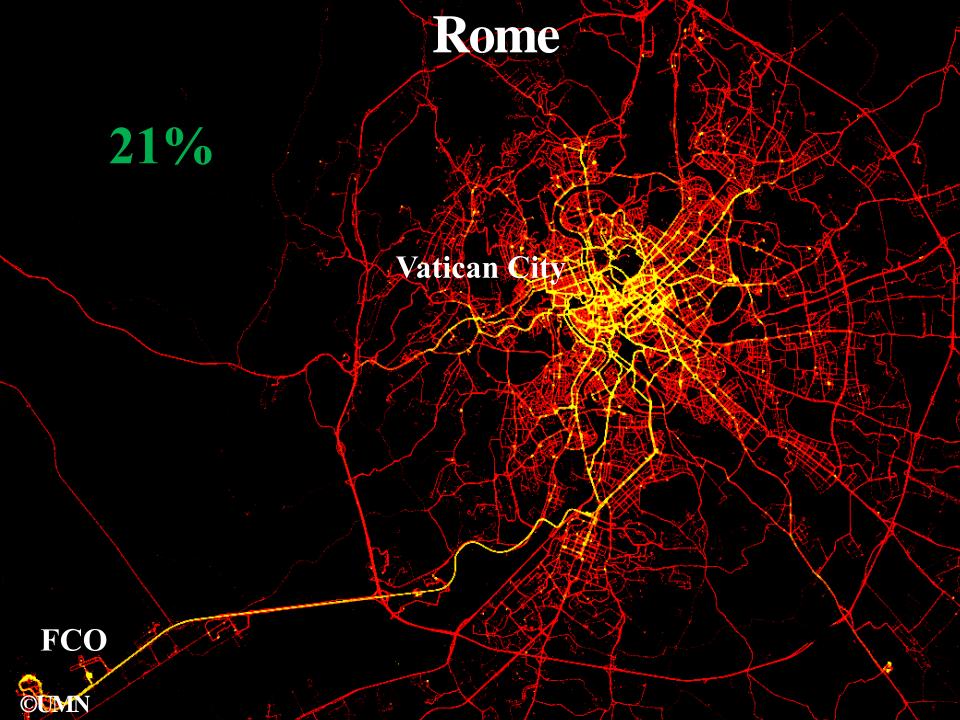
Ridesharing Evaluation (3/4): National

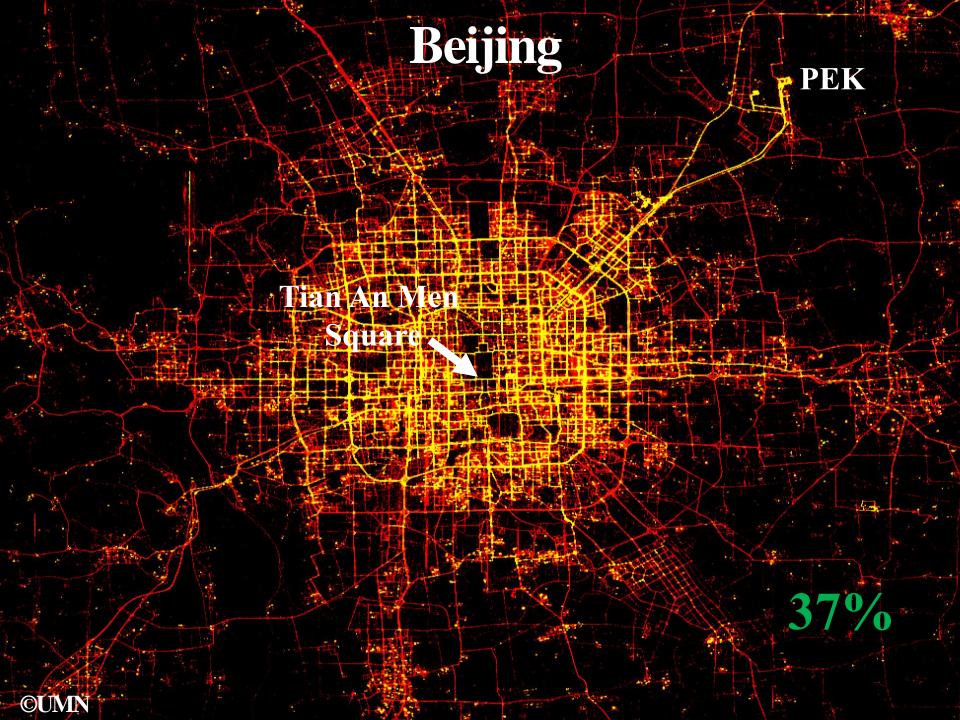


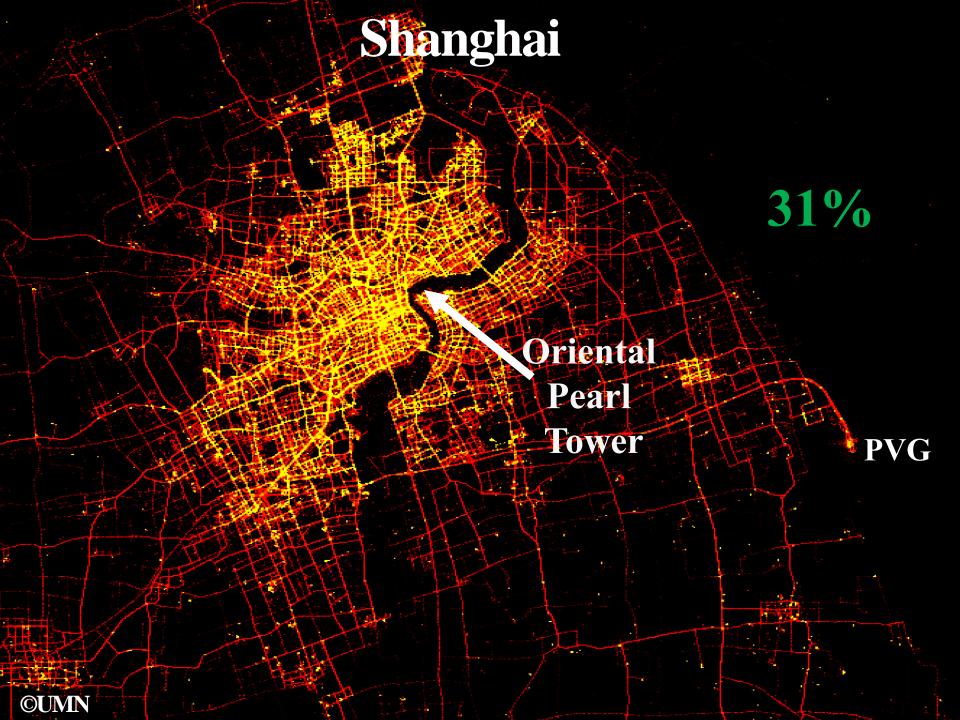






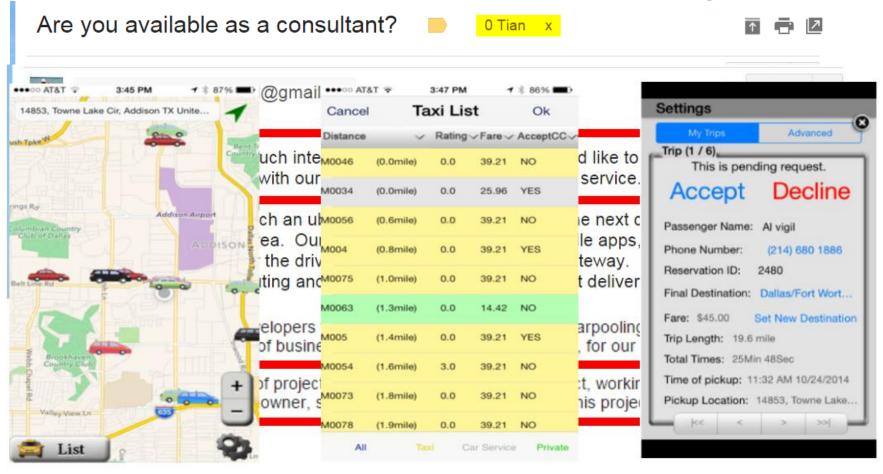








# Real World Impact 1: Dallas Taxi System



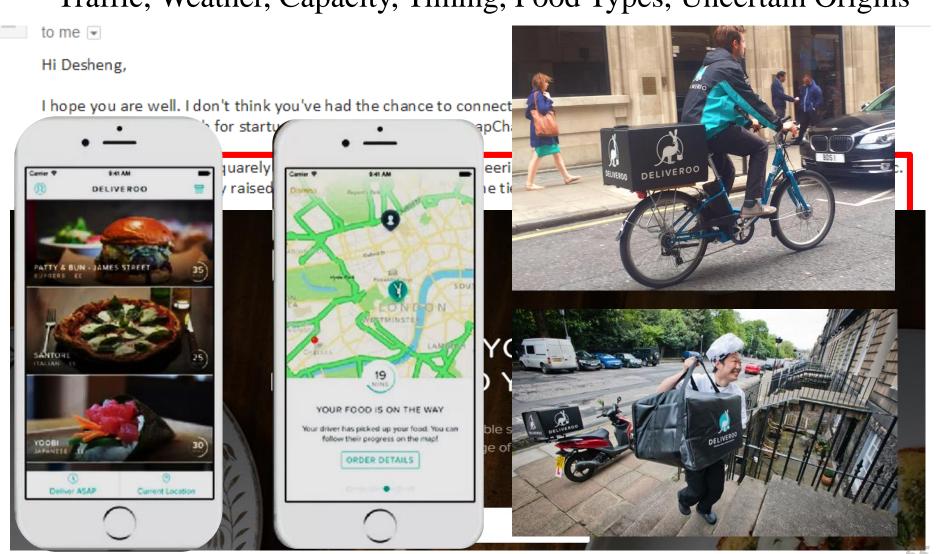


- Working with Mr. Vigil in Pchomes. Inc
  - Practical Ridesharing in Dallas

### Real World Impact 2: London Food Takeaway

A Ridesharing Problem for Food Takeout with Unique Challenges

• Traffic, Weather, Capacity, Timing, Food Types, Uncertain Origins



### Big Picture: Improve Urban Efficiency with Sharing Economy













### **Contributions**

- Resource Sharing Optimization Framework
- Cross-Domain Knowledge from Various Data-Driven Models
- Groundwork for Broader Logistics & Commercialization











### Future Urban CPS Vision







### 3-5 Years

- Cross-Domain Modeling & Apps for Mobility
- Smart Cities Initiative
- Real-world Deployment for Research Impact

### **5-10 Years**

- Data-Driven **Physical** Phenomenon Modeling & Apps
- Domains: Energy, Pollution, Safety, Privacy
- Homes, Buildings, and Cities, i.e.,
   a Connected Smart World

67

# Summary: Cross-Domain CPS for Smart Cities

Potential of Francial Pation

### **Applications**



**Intellectual Core:** 

Cross-Domain Cyber-Physical Systems

**Generalization:** 

Autonomous Driving;

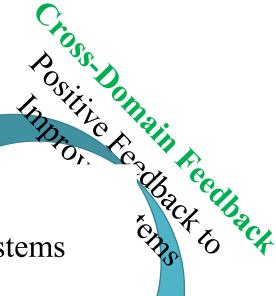
Energy, Pollution, Safety;

Healthcare, Manufacturing

**Models** 

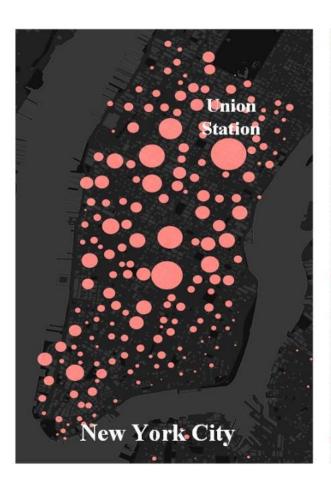
### **Cross-Domain Data**

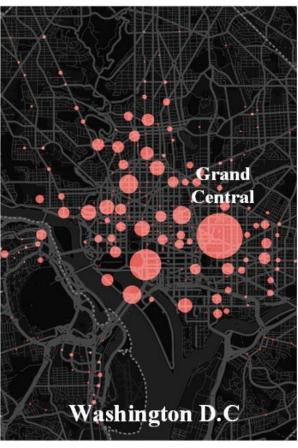
Multi-View Bounding Real-world Implementation





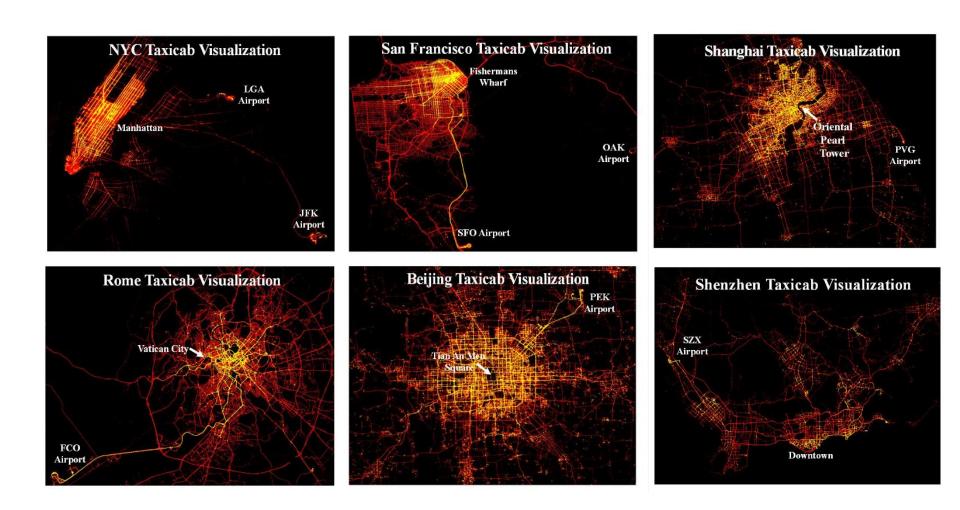
# **Bike Systems**

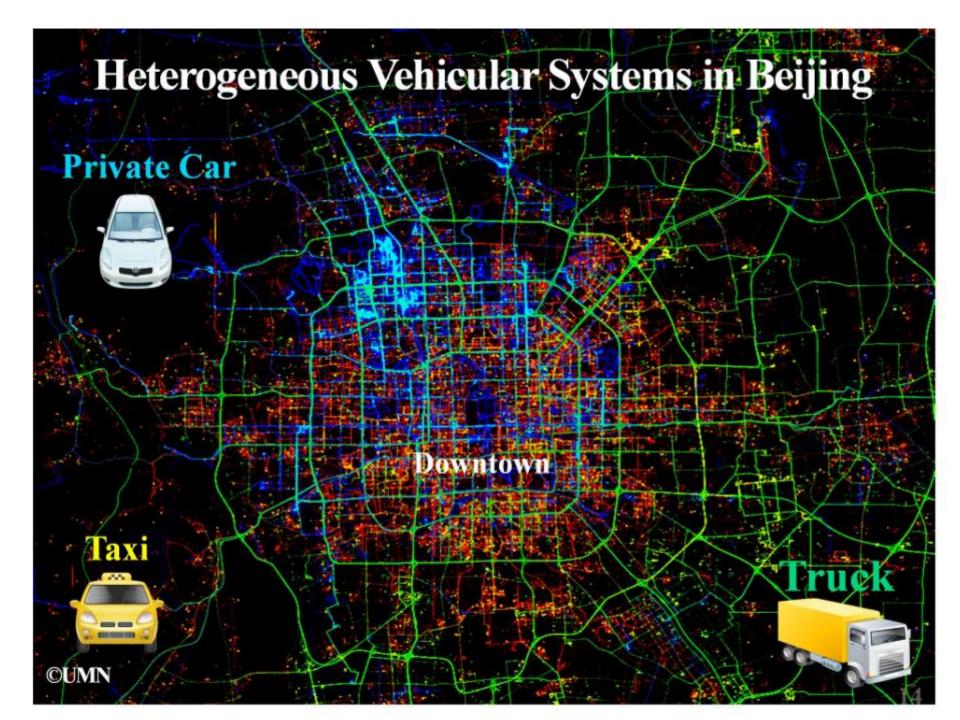


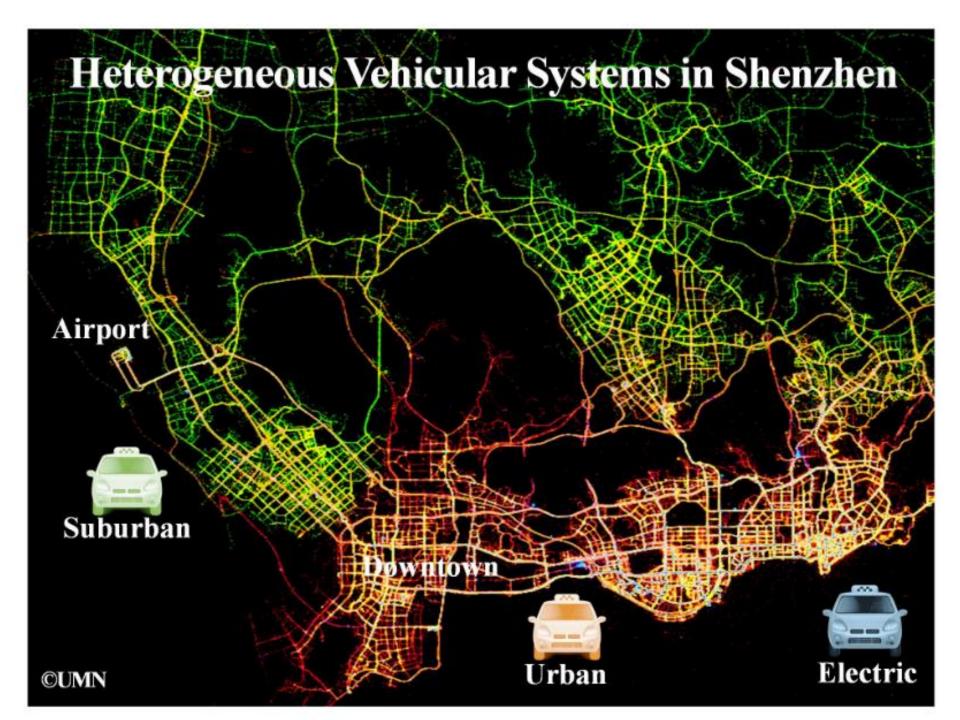


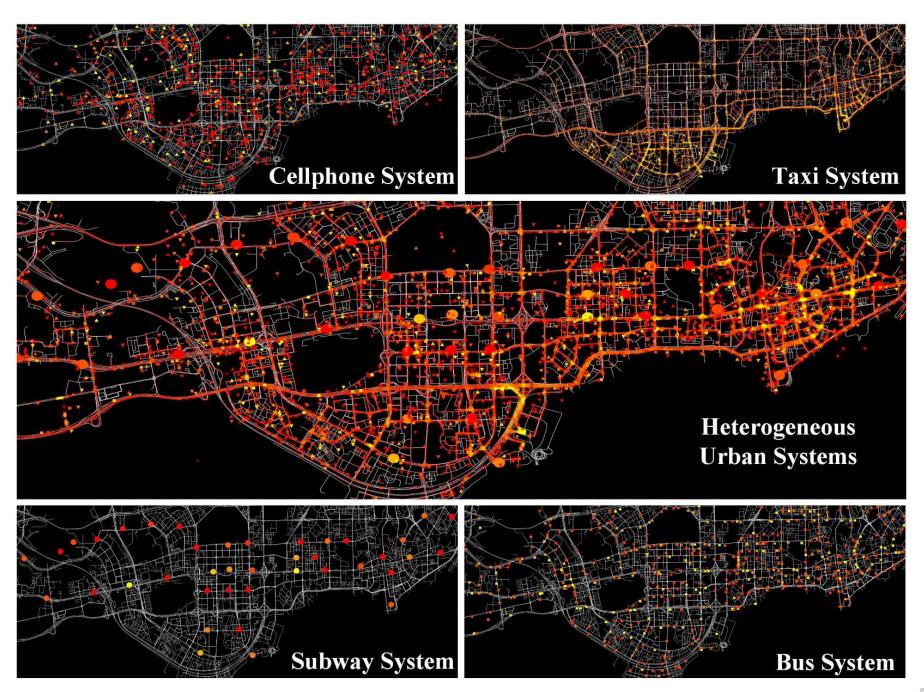


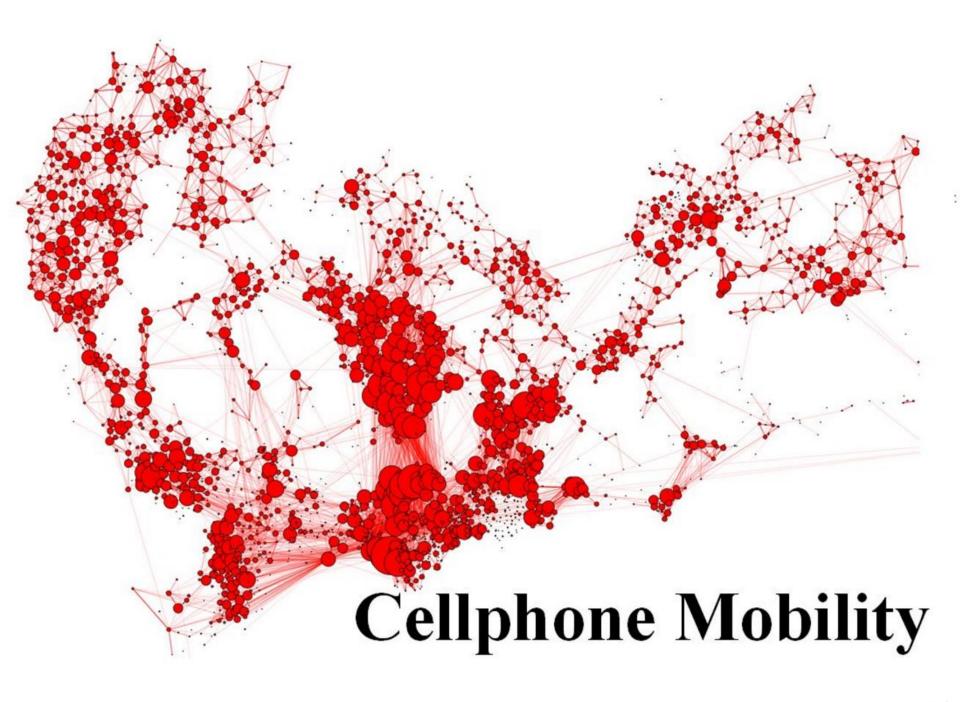
# Taxi Systems

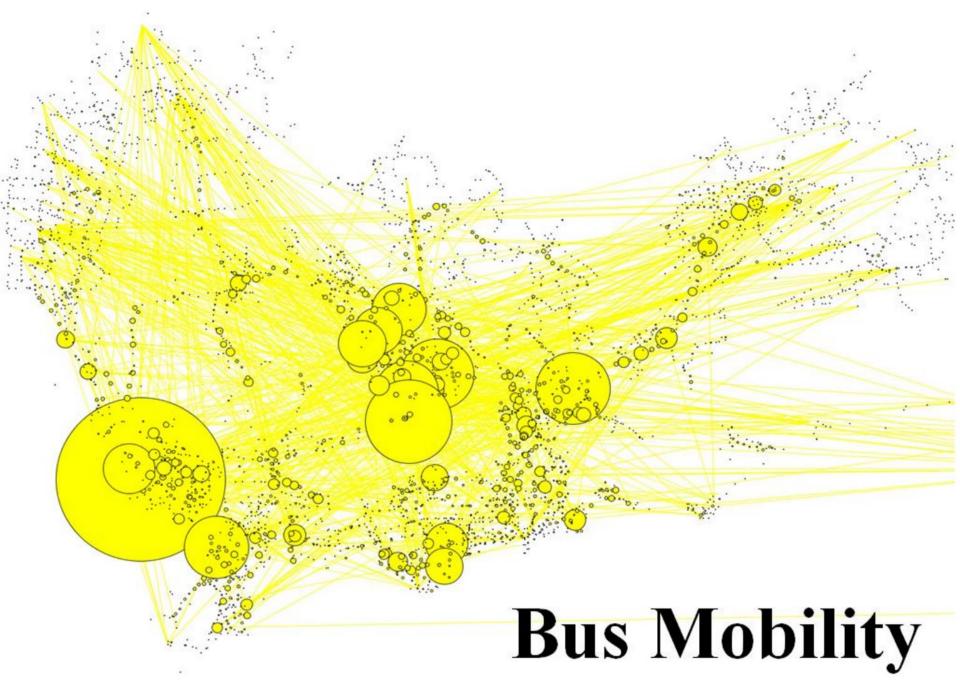


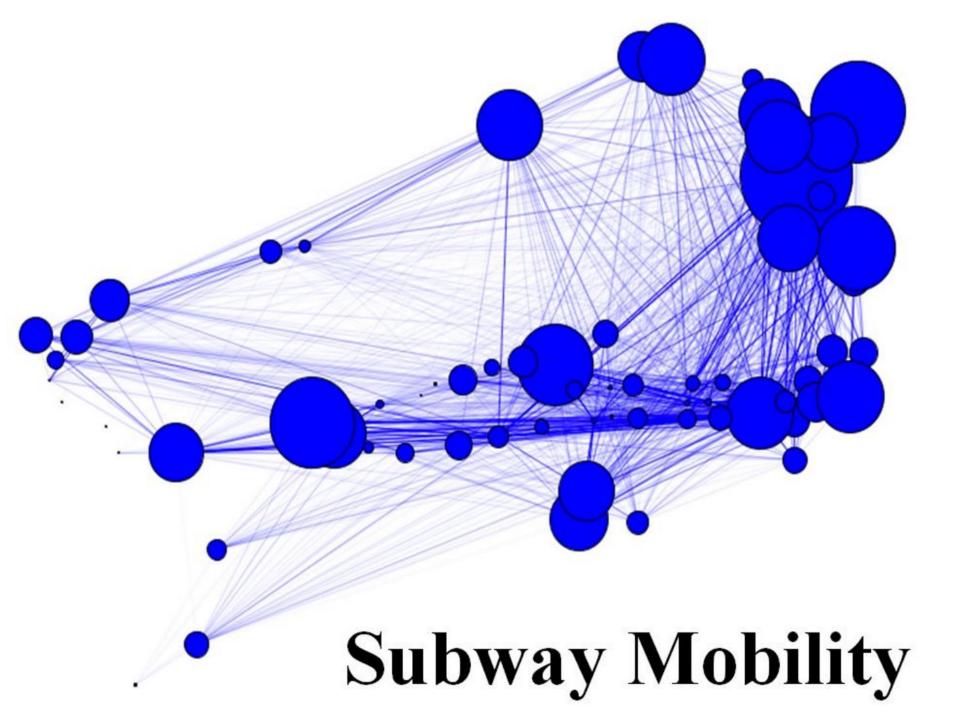


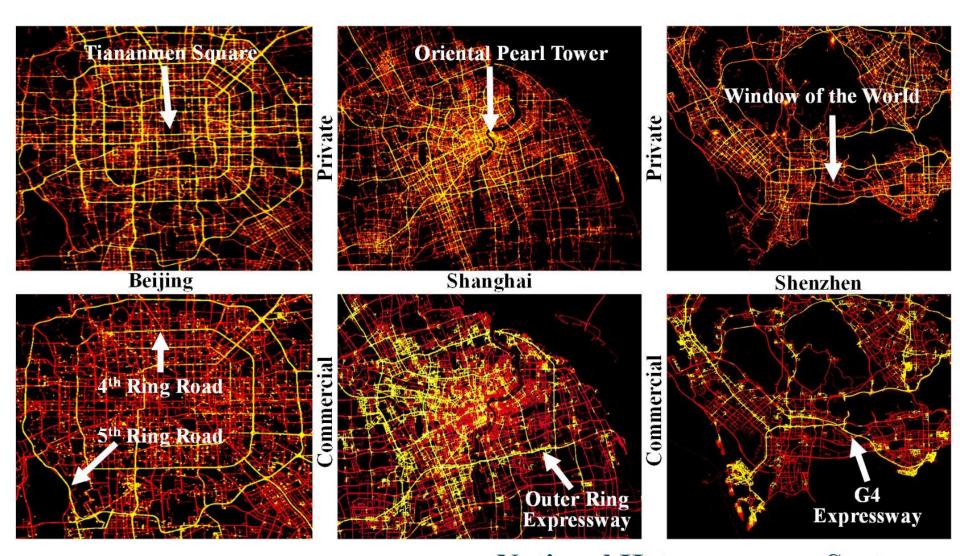




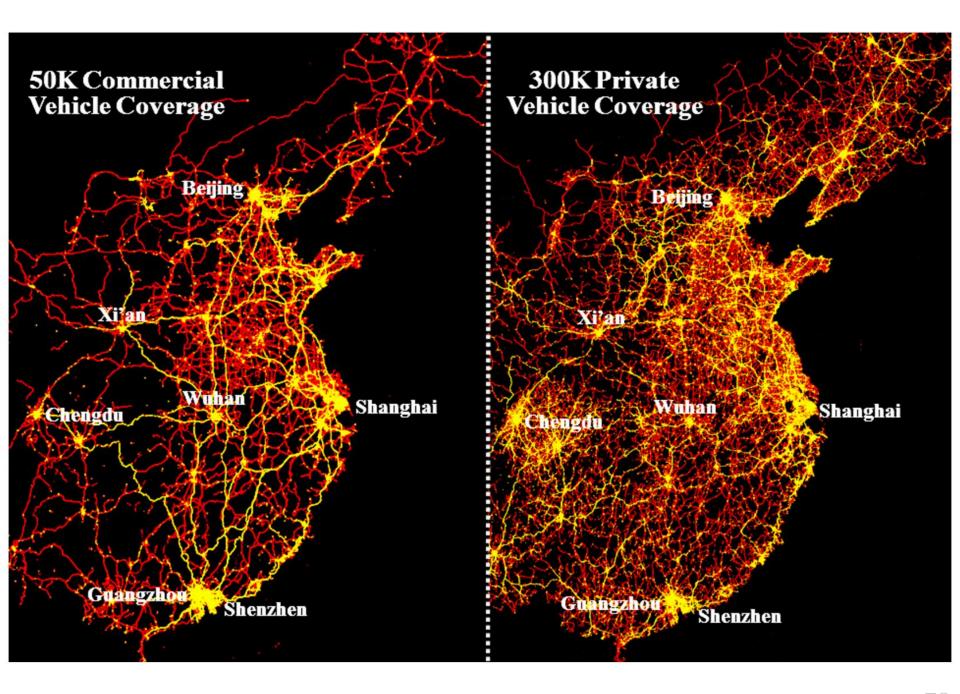








**National Heterogeneous Systems** 



### Thanks



Data and More Work @ https://www.cs.rutgers.edu/~dz220/

## Outline

Logistics

• Course Structure

Overview of Smart Cities Research

Class Schedule

# 1. Overview

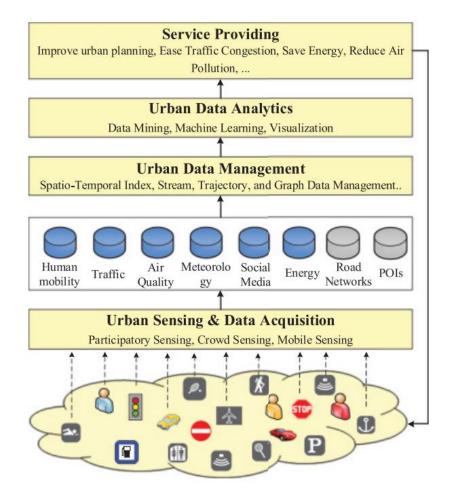
Week	Date	Topics and Reading Assignments
	Jan 19	General Class Introduction
1		<ul> <li>Suggested Reading:</li> <li>Urban Computing: Concepts, Methodologies, and Applications</li> <li>Cyber-Physical Systems: Executive Summary</li> <li>Research Directions for the Internet of Things</li> <li>Systems Computing Challenges in the Internet of Things</li> </ul>

### **Urban Computing: Concepts, Methodologies, and Applications**

YU ZHENG, Microsoft Research LICIA CAPRA, University College London OURI WOLFSON, University of Illinois at Chicago HAI YANG, Hong Kong University of Science and Technology



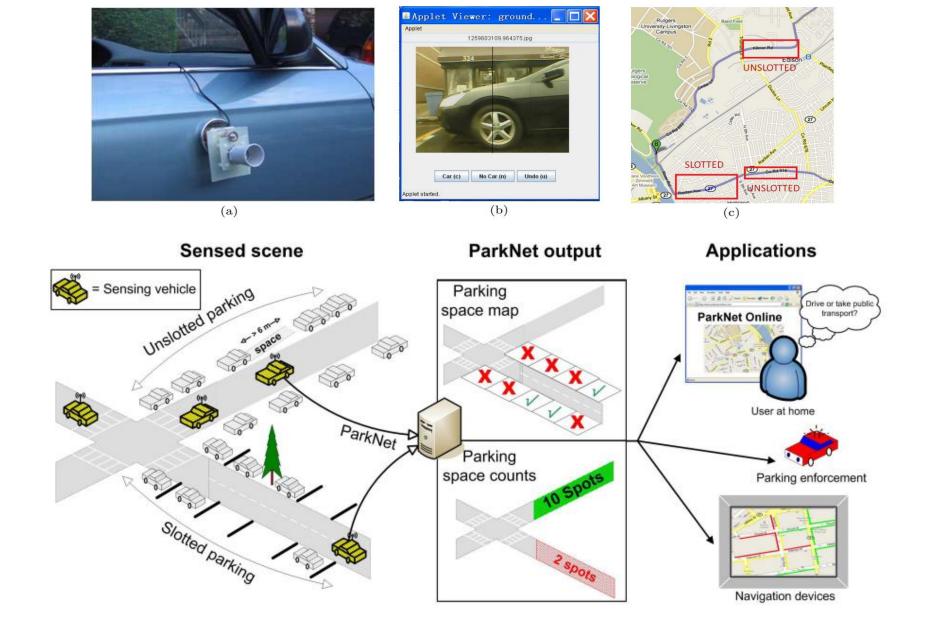
(a) Motivation: Big cities, data and challenges



# 2. Urban Sensing

		Urban Sensing
2	Jan 26	Assigned Reading:  How Long to Wait?: Predicting Bus Arrival Time with Mobile Phone based Participatory Sensing ParkNet: Drive-by Sensing of Road-Side Parking Statistics VTrack: Accurate, Energy-aware Road Traffic Delay Estimation Using Mobile Phones Discovering Regions of Different Functions in a City Using Human Mobility and POIs  Suggested Reading: People-Centric Urban Sensing

### ParkNet: Drive-by Sensing of Road-Side Parking Statistics



Assigned Reading:

Data Management & Processing

- Managing Massive Trajectories on the Cloud
- TrajStore: An Adaptive Storage System for Very Large Trajectory Data
- Naiad: A Timely Dataflow System
- Pyro: A Spatial-Temporal Big-Data Storage System

### Suggested Reading:

SpatialHadoop: A MapReduce Framework for Spatial Data

### Managing Massive Trajectories on the Cloud

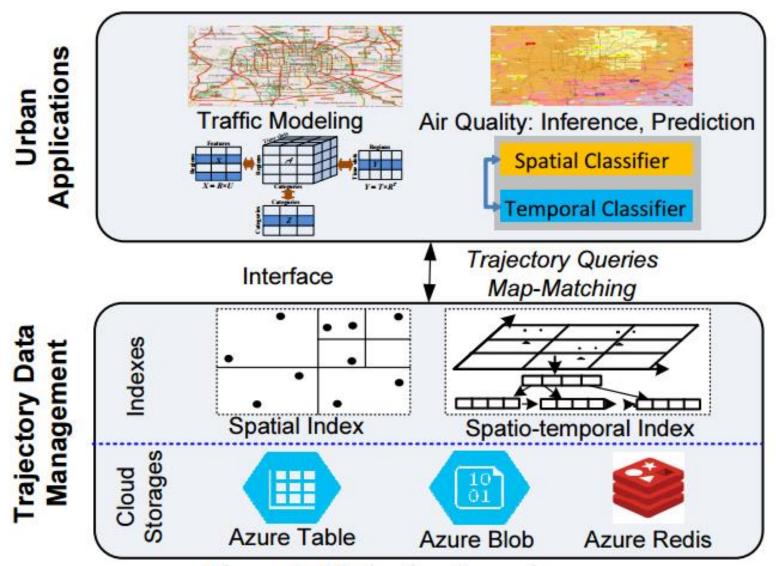


Figure 1: Motivation Scenarios.

# 4. Data-Driven Modeling: Human Mobility

Data-Driven Modeling: Human Mobility

#### Assigned Reading:

- Human Mobility Modeling at Metropolitan Scales
- Inferring Human Mobility Patterns from Taxicab Location Trace
- Reconstructing Individual Mobility from Smart Card Transactions: A Space Alignment Approach
- Mobility Modeling and Prediction in Bike-Sharing Systems

#### Suggested Reading:

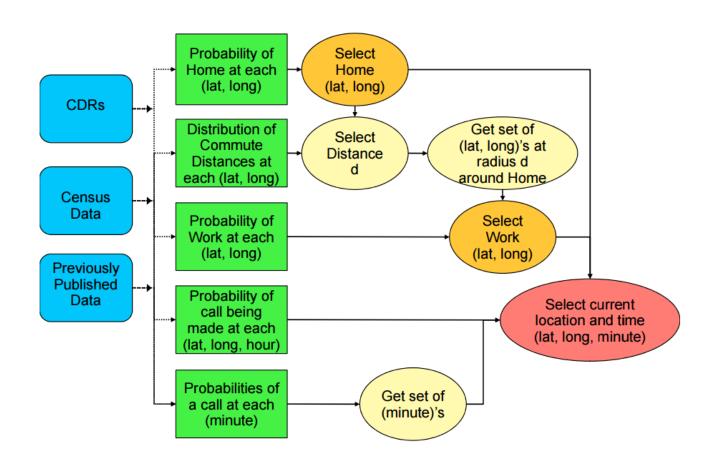
- Trajectory Data Mining: An Overview
- A survey on Human Mobility and its Applications
- Human Mobility Characterization from Cellular Network Data
- A Review of Urban Computing for Mobile Phone Traces

4

Feb 9

### Human Mobility Modeling at Metropolitan Scales

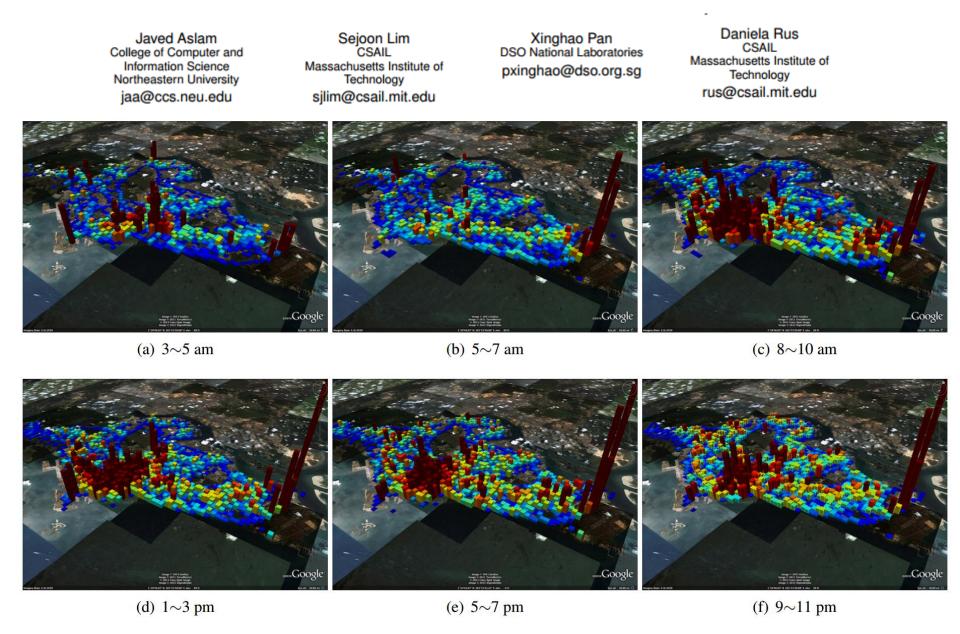
Sibren Isaacman\*, Richard Becker†, Ramón Cáceres†, Margaret Martonosi\*, James Rowland†, Alexander Varshavsky†, Walter Willinger† \*Princeton University, Princeton, NJ, USA †AT&T Labs, Florham Park, NJ, USA isaacman@princeton.edu, {rab,ramon}@research.att.com, mrm@princeton.edu, {jrr,varshavsky,walter}@research.att.com



# 5. Data-Driven Modeling: Urban Phenomena

		Data-Driven Modeling: Urban Phenomena	
5	Feb 16	Assigned Reading:  Real-Time Trip Information Service for a Large Taxi Fleet  City-Scale Traffic Estimation from a Roving Sensor Network  A Cost-Effective Recommender System for Taxi Drivers  Inferring Gas Consumption and Pollution Emissions of Vehicles throughout a City	

### City-Scale Traffic Estimation from a Roving Sensor Network



# 6. Data-Driven Modeling: Data Fusion

Data-Driven Modeling: Data Fusion

### Assigned Reading:

Feb 23

- Diagnosing New York City's Noises with Ubiquitous Data
- U-Air: When Urban Air Quality Inference Meets Big Data
- Exploiting Geographic Dependencies for Real Estate Appraisal
- Transfer Knowledge between Cities

### Suggested Reading:

Methodologies for Cross-Domain Data Fusion: An Overviewa

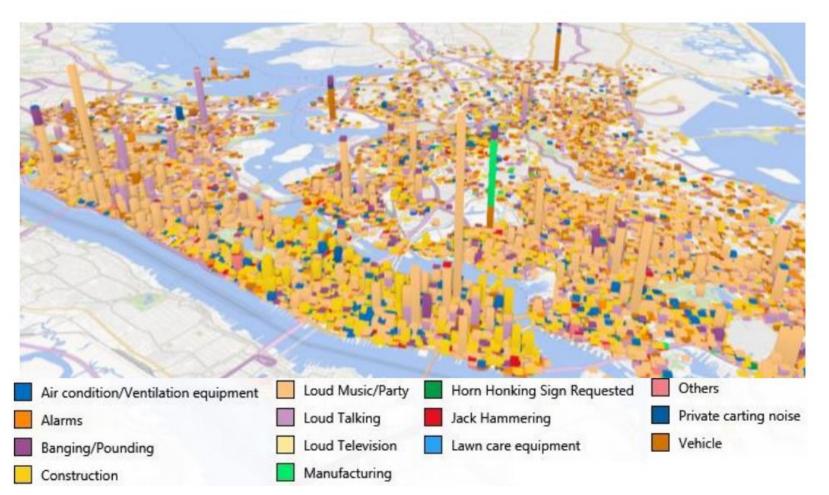
### Diagnosing New York City's Noises with Ubiquitous Data

Yu Zheng<sup>1</sup>, Tong Liu<sup>1,2</sup>, Yilun Wang<sup>1</sup>, Yanmin Zhu<sup>2</sup>, Yanchi Liu<sup>3</sup>, Eric Chang<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Microsoft Research, Beijing, China

<sup>2</sup>Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China

<sup>3</sup>Information Systems Department, New Jersey Institute of Technology, Newark, NJ, United States {yuzheng, v-tongli, v-yilwan, echang}@microsoft.com; yzhu@cs.sjtu.edu.cn; yanchilyc@gmail.com



### 7. Data Visualization

#### Data Visualization

#### Assigned Reading:

- Visual Exploration of Big Spatio-Temporal Urban Data: A Study of New York City Taxi Trips
- TelCoVis: Visual Exploration of Co-occurrence in Urban Human Mobility Based on Telco Data
- Origin-Destination Flow Data Smoothing and Mapping
- Stacking-Based Visualization of Trajectory Attribute Data

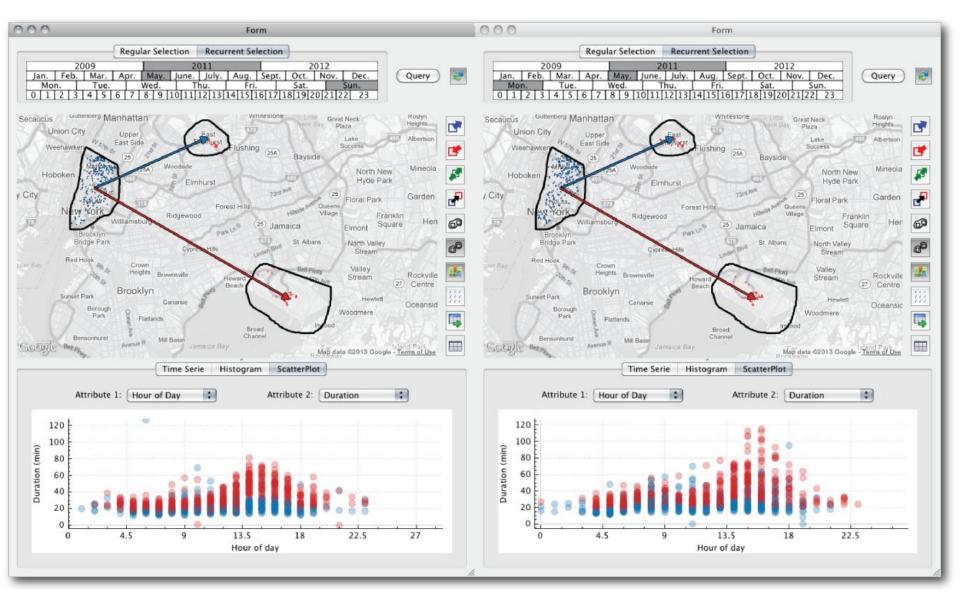
#### Suggested Reading:

Visual Analytics in Urban Computing: An Overview

7

Mar 2

### Visual Exploration of Big Spatio-Temporal Urban Data: A Study of New York City Taxi Trips



Data Predictive Control

#### Mar 9

### Reading:

- Exploiting Heterogeneous Human Mobility Patterns for Intelligent Bus Routing
- Rebalancing Bike Sharing Systems: A Multi-source Data Smart Optimization
- T-Finder: A Recommender System for Finding Passengers and Vacant Taxis
- Taxi Dispatch with Real-Time Sensing Data in Metropolitan Areas

Q

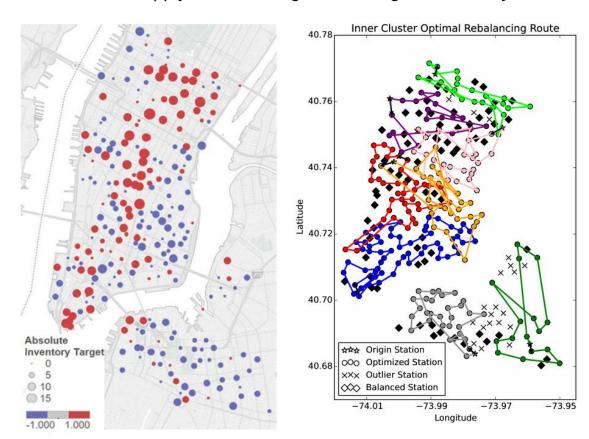
# Rebalancing Bike Sharing Systems: A Multi-source Data Smart Optimization

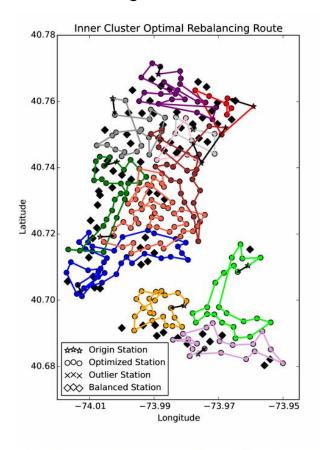
Junming Liu<sup>1</sup>, Leilei Sun<sup>2</sup>, Weiwei Chen<sup>3</sup>, Hui Xiong<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Management Science and Information Systems, Rutgers University, USA, {jl1433, hxiong}@rutgers.edu

<sup>2</sup>Institute of Systems Engineering, Dalian University of Technology, China, leisun@mail.dlut.edu.cn

<sup>3</sup>Supply Chain Management, Rutgers University, USA, wchen@business.rutgers.edu





(a) Station Target Distribution

(b) Route with outliers (VN = 8)

(c) Route without outliers (VN = 12)

# 9. Project Proposal Presentation

After Spring Break

No New Topics

### 10. Novel Services

0 Mar 30

Novel Services

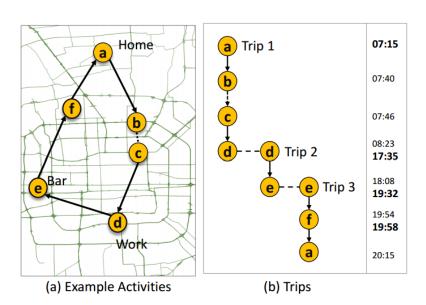
#### Assigned Reading:

- Catch Me If You Can: Detecting Pickpocket Suspects from Large-Scale Transit Records
- A Taxi Driving Fraud Detection System
- CrowdAtlas: Self-Updating Maps for Cloud and Personal Use
- Growing the Charging Station Network for Electric Vehicles with Trajectory Data Analytics

### Suggested Reading:

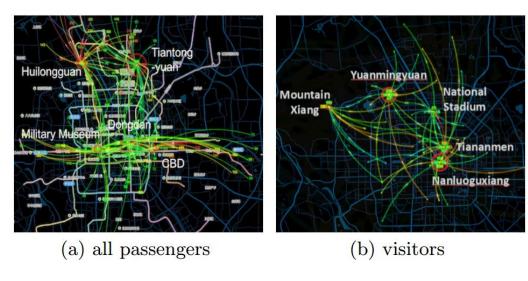
Modeling and Probabilistic Reasoning of Population Evacuation During Large-scale Disaster

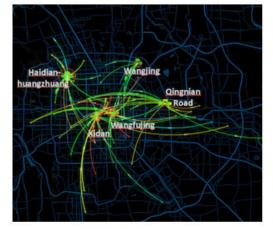
### Catch Me If You Can: Detecting Pickpocket Suspects from Large-Scale Transit Records



Smart Card ID	Route Number	Boarding Station	Boarding Time	Exiting Station	Exiting Time
4322	Route 52	a	07:15	b	07:40
4322	Route 26	С	07:46	d	08:23
4322	Route 11	d	17:35	е	18:08
4322	Route 11	е	19:32	f	19:54
4322	Route 16	f	19:58	a	20:15

(c) Transit Records







(c) shoppers

(d) thieves

# 11. Conflict and Dependency Analyses

#### Conflict and Dependency Analyses

#### Assigned Reading:

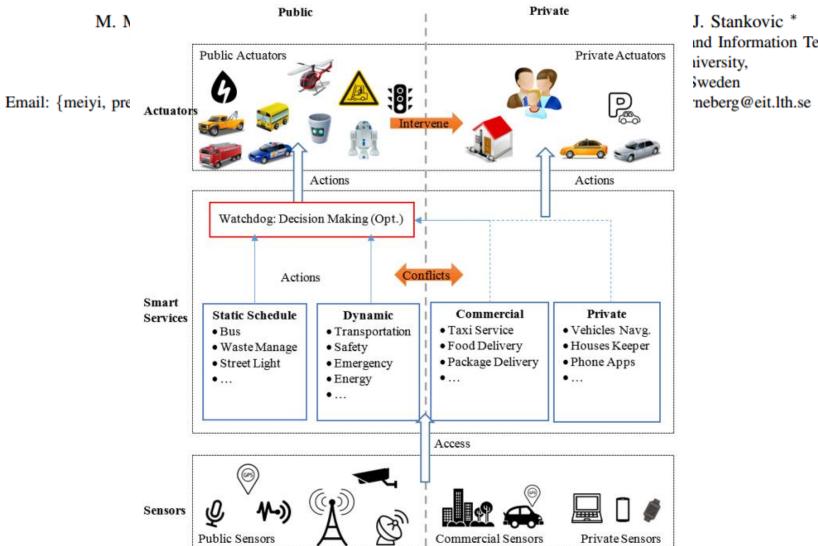
- Detection of Runtime Conflicts among Services in Smart Cities
- DepSys: Dependency Aware Integration of Cyber-Physical Systems for Smart Homes
- Scalable Social Sensing of Interdependent Phenomena
- Catastrophic cascade of failures in interdependent networks

#### Suggested Reading:

- The fragility of interdependency
- Identifying, understanding, and analyzing critical infrastructure interdependencies

Apr 6

### Detection of Runtime Conflicts among Services in **Smart Cities**



ind Information Technology

# 12. Human-in-the-loop

2 Apr 13

Assigned Reading:

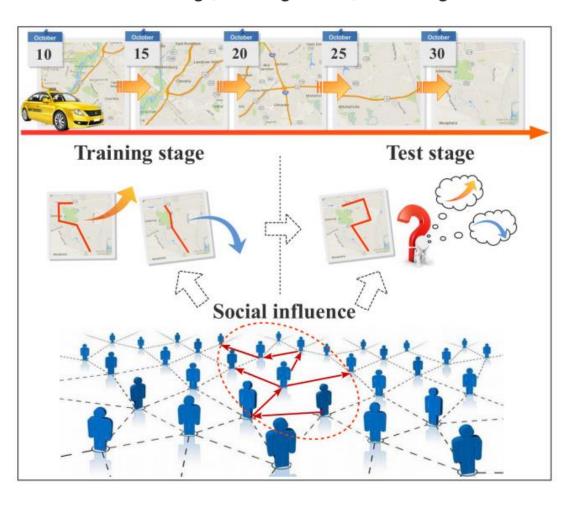
Human-in-the-loop

### Taxi Driving Behavior Analysis in Latent Vehicle-to-Vehicle Networks: A Social Influence Perspective

- Using Humans as Sensors: An Estimation-theoretic Perspective
- Human Mobility, Social Ties, and Link Prediction
- Friendship and Mobility: User Movement In Location-Based Social Networks

### Taxi Driving Behavior Analysis in Latent Vehicle-to-Vehicle Networks: A Social Influence Perspective

Tong Xu<sup>1</sup>, Hengshu Zhu<sup>2</sup>, Xiangyu Zhao<sup>1</sup>, Qi Liu<sup>1</sup> Hao Zhong<sup>3</sup>, Enhong Chen<sup>1</sup>, Hui Xiong<sup>3</sup>



#### Privacy and Security

#### Assigned Reading:

- DP-WHERE: Differentially Private Modeling of Human Mobility
- Elastic Pathing: Your Speed is Enough to Track You
- VPriv: Protecting Privacy in Location-Based Vehicular Services
- ZUbers against ZLyfts Apocalypse: An Analysis Framework for DoS Attacks on Mobility Systems

#### Suggested Reading:

- Differentially Private Transit Data Publication: A Case Study on the Montreal Transportation System
- Anonymization of Location Data Does Not Work: A Large-Scale Measurement Study

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Apr 20

### Elastic Pathing: Your Speed is Enough to Track You

Xianyi Gao, Bernhard Firner, Shridatt Sugrim, Victor Kaiser-Pendergrast, Yulong Yang, Janne Lindqvist Rutgers University

Ground Truth — Predicted Path — •

1 Mile 2 km

Latitude

### 14. Final Presentation

No New Topics

# Questions?

# Details about Grades

### • individual-based component 50% in total:

- Class Participation 10%: Please show up at all presentations and actively participate in the discussion after the presentation.
- Reading Summary 20%: For 11 regular lectures (2<sup>nd</sup>-8<sup>th</sup> week and 10<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup> week), please read the introduction sections of all 4 papers in this lecture, and then select 2 papers from them to read all sections and write 2 summaries for each paper in the format given in the lecture slide. You can skip two summaries without hurting your grade, i.e., submit 20 summaries in total. Summaries are due in the beginning of class.
- **Topic Presentation 20%:** Present a paper related to a topic in smart cities from the paper list. A topic presentation consists of 35 min talk plus 5 min Q&A.

### Team-based component 50% in total:

- **Proposal Report 10%:** 4-page report describing the background, the problem, the existing solutions, and the proposed solution.
- Final Report 20%: 8-page report: including 4 proposal report plus your implementation, evaluation, and conclusion.
- **Proposal or Final Presentation 20%:** A student will present either in the proposal presentation or final presentation from 15 to 20 mins based on overall team size.

# Details about Topic Selection

- Every student submits 5 of their preferred topics in the descending order among the following 10 topics.
- We will assign papers to you based on the topics you picked. Please send me by Jan 25.

Data Management and Processing,	Data Predictive Control
Data-Driven Modeling: Human Mobility	Novel Services
Data-Driven Modeling: Urban Phenomena	<b>Dependency Analyses</b>
Data-Driven Modeling: Data Fusion	Human-in-the-loop
Data Visualization	Privacy and Security

### **Team Formation:**

- You are encouraged to find your own team members and let us know by Jan 30.
- If you cannot find anyone from the class, we will form teams by Feb 2 based on your interests in topic selection sent to us previously.
- It is preferred that we have a mix-and-match for PhD students, master students, and undergrads in every team. In general, no more than one Ph.D is in the same team.